

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

S2 HOLIDAY WORK

SET 2

RELATIONS AND MAPPINGS

- 1. a.) Draw arrow diagrams for the following ordered pairs.
 - (i.) {(5,5), (6,6), (7,7), (8,8)}
 - (ii.) {(1,-2), (2,-2), (3,-3), (4,-5), (5,-5)}
 - (iii.) {(2,1), (4,3), (6,5), (8,7)}
 - b.) Write the domain and range in each of the following;
 - c.) Which of the relations above represent functions and which ones do not?
- 2. A relation is defined as $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$
 - a.) Write the range of the relation given the domain {1,4,9,16,25}
 - b.) Draw a graph for the relation.
 - c.) Is the relation a function? Justify your answer.
- 3. Use a papygram on the set M={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10} to illustrate the relation "is twice as".
- 4. A relation "is a third of" is from set A={1,4,6} to the set B={2,4,5,3,12}, use an arrow diagram to illustrate this relation.
- 5. Illustrate the relation "is a factor of" on the sets M={2,4,5,6} and N={4,8,10,15}
- 6. a.) A relation "is less than" acts on the set A={1,5,6,4,2}, use a papygram to illustrate this relation.
 - b.) Find the domain of this relation.
 - c.) Find the range of the relation.

- A relation is defined by {(x, y): x ∈ A and y ∈ B, where y = 3x}
 A={1,2,3,4} and B={3,4,5,6,9}, find the;
 - a.) Domain
 - b.) Range
- 8. By using the mapping f such that $x \rightarrow 4x 1$ on domain {4,2,3}, find the range of f
- 9. If $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x$, find; f(-1), f(2), f(3), f(-2)
- 10. The relation f is defined by $x \rightarrow x^2 + 3$. By using the domain D={-2,-1,0,1,2,3}
 - a.) Find the range of f on D
 - b.) Show your answer on an arrow diagram.
 - c.) What type of mapping is this?
- 11. The range corresponding to the mapping $x \rightarrow x + 2$ is {2, 3, 5, 6}. Find the domain

12. Given the functions;
$$f(x) = \frac{1-2x}{x+1}$$
, $g(x) = \frac{x+3}{2}$ and $h(x) = \frac{5x}{4} - 1$

- a.) Find the value of;
 - (i.) f(-2)
 - (ii.) g(-1)
- b.) Find the value of *x* for which;
 - (i.) f(0) = g(x)
 - (ii.) g(x) = 0
 - (iii.) g(x) = h(x)
- 13. a.) Given that set P={2,3,4,6,12}, draw a papygram on set P showing the relation "is a multiple of"

b.)Given the functions $f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{3}$ and $g(x) = \frac{x-1}{2}$, find;

- (i.) *f*(1)
- (ii.) *g*(1)
- (iii.) the value of x for which $f(x) + g(x) = 3\frac{1}{6}$

END